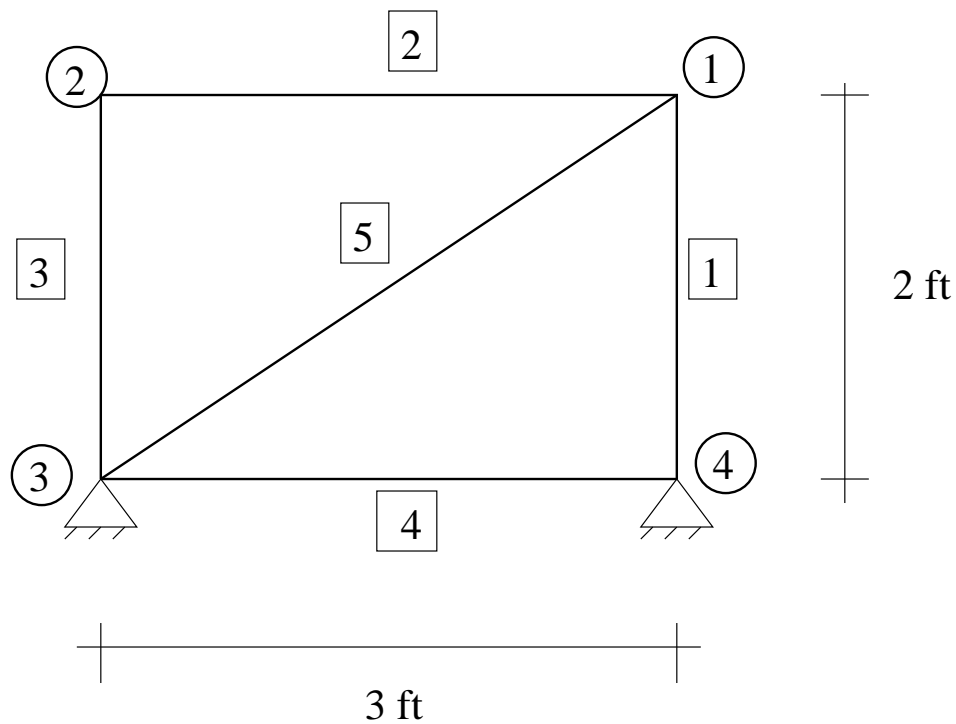


**HW 4: Due Feb. 17**

1. Consider the truss shown below. Assume the bars are steel  $E = 30 \times 10^6$  psi. The vertical bars have a diameter of 0.5 in, the horizontal 0.75 in, and the diagonal 1.0 in. Use the number scheme shown and your program from Lab 3 to help solve this problem. [Note you should not have any need to use the  $\mathbf{K}$  matrix to solve this problem.]



- Find the compatibility matrix for the truss.
- Find the diagonal matrix  $[AE/L]$ .
- Assume  $u_{1x} = -0.1$  in,  $u_{1y} = 0.1$  in,  $u_{2x} = 0.1$  in,  $u_{2y} = 0.0$  in.
  - Find the strains in the 5 bars.
  - What are the stresses in the 5 bars?
  - What are the internal forces in the 5 bars?
  - What forces must have been applied to nodes 1 and 2?
  - What are the support reactions at nodes 3 and 4?

2. Consider the force field  $\mathbf{F}(x, y) = 10xy\mathbf{e}_x + 5y\mathbf{e}_y$  (N). Does this force field emanate from a potential? i.e., is it conservative?
3. Find an expression for the end-rotation of a circular bar loaded with a torque,  $T_o$ , at its end. Assume the bar is built-in at the other end, has a length  $L$ , and a constant torional rigidity  $GJ$ . Use conservation of energy to solve this problem.
4. A solid circular bar is bent  $90^\circ$  at two locations and is built-in at one end. Assume  $A$ ,  $I$ ,  $J$ ,  $E$ , and  $G$  are constants.
  - (a) Using conservation of energy, determine a formula for the vertical deflection at the point of load application. [ $\alpha = 10/9$  for round bars.]
  - (b) Let  $L = 200$  mm and the diameter of the bar be  $d = 30$  mm. What is the percent contribution to the total deflection from axial loading, bending, torsion, and direct shear? Assume  $E/G = 2$ .
  - (c) Repeat with  $L = 500$  mm and  $d = 10$  mm.

